The Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Small Businesses

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Abstract. There has been a devastating impact on small businesses around the world as a result of the COVID-19 virus pandemic. This study examined the many ways in which small businesses have been affected by the pandemic, the challenges they have encountered, and the strategies they have implemented to survive and grow. The epidemic has not only had far-reaching ramifications for small enterprises, but it has also had a catastrophic effect on the economy of the entire world. The fact that clients of small businesses are remaining at home and not spending money has presented them with a number of challenges, including an increased risk of failure, mental health difficulties, and the difficulty of adapting to the new digital world. It is imperative that governments all around the world take steps to provide assistance to local firms if these difficulties are going to be mitigated. This involves offering monetary support, access to money and funding, resources and knowledge, as well as training and mentorship programmes, and resources pertaining to mental health. In addition, governments should make it possible for small enterprises to gain access to legal assistance in order to better assist them in navigating the ever-shifting regulations and constraints imposed by governments. This will ensure that small businesses have access to the resources they require to not only survive but also grow in this new environment.

Keywords: COVID-19 Pandemic; small businesses; challenges.

1. Introduction

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, small businesses around the globe have been severely impacted. The pandemic has caused many businesses to close their doors, lay off employees, and experience financial losses. It has had a profound impact on the global economy and has resulted in a considerable disruption of business operations. All industries have felt the effects of the pandemic, but small businesses have been particularly hard hit, as they do not have the necessary resources to weather this storm [1]. This paper will explore the various ways in which small businesses have been affected by the pandemic, the challenges they have faced, and the strategies they have adopted to survive and thrive in this new environment.

Small businesses have been hit particularly hard by the COVID-19 pandemic because of their restricted access to funding, lack of capital, and dependence on their clientele [2]. People are adhering to social distancing standards, which encourage them to spend more time at home. As a result, the client base of small enterprises has shrunk substantially. Because of this, a lot of small businesses have been forced to severely cut back on their operations, which has led to people losing their jobs and businesses losing money.

In addition to this, small businesses have had to deal with the reality that their clients are spending less money as a direct result of the current economic climate, which has resulted in even greater financial setbacks. In addition to this, small businesses have been forced to fight with the ever-changing regulations and limits that have been imposed by the government in try to prevent the virus from further spreading [3]. These laws have not only made it more challenging for small firms to function but have also contributed to an increase in the financial strain they are under. In addition to this, small firms have been forced to contend with the increasing pressure from their suppliers and creditors, who are keen to recoup the money they have loaned out. Because of this, small firms have been forced to obtain loans or look for alternative sources of financing in order to continue operating normally.

Furthermore, small firms have been forced to confront the difficulties brought on by the transition to digital platforms [4]. In order for many smaller businesses to maintain their level of
competitiveness in the new digital environment, they have been forced to scramble to learn about new technology and establish digital marketing strategies. This has proven to be a very difficult obstacle for small firms, since these companies frequently do not have the resources or the experience necessary to implement the essential adjustments.

Consequently, the COVID-19 epidemic has had a detrimental effect on small businesses, which has resulted in financial losses, employment losses, and the requirement to adjust to the new digital environment. In order to endure and even thrive in this new climate, small firms have been forced to rely solely on the resources and ingenuity that are internal to their operations. This article has provided an overview of the difficulties that small businesses have encountered as well as the tactics that they have implemented in order to endure and even prosper in the current environment.

2. Analysis

According to Engidaw (2022) the COVID-19 epidemic has had a devastating effect on economies around the world, particularly on those of the world's small firms, and its repercussions are far-reaching [5]. The epidemic has placed a substantial percentage of the world's economy, which is comprised primarily of small enterprises, in jeopardy of going bankrupt as a result of the pandemic [6]. In the United States, small firms are responsible for over half of all jobs in the private sector and account for 54 percent of the country's total sales. About half of the world's gross domestic product comes from the world's small companies. Because of this, the pandemic has had a substantial influence on the economy of the entire world, as the impacts of the epidemic have spread to other sectors and countries.

The decline in revenue is one of the pandemic's most important effects on the nation's small enterprises [7]. The fact that customers of small companies are remaining inside and not spending money has proven to be a challenge for such businesses. This has led to a large fall in sales, which has forced a lot of small firms to lay off staff, cut back on operations, and take out loans in order to stay afloat. Additionally, because of the shift toward digital platforms, many small firms have been forced to make investments in new technology and marketing techniques in order to maintain their level of competitiveness in their respective industries [8]. This has placed an additional pressure on their resources and further added to the monetary losses they have incurred as a result. In the end, many small enterprises that cannot adapt to the new digital environment will lose their core market competitiveness and go bankrupt.

![Figure 1. Changes in food production volume and sales price [9]](image-url)
One more significant effect that the pandemic will have on small enterprises is an increase in the likelihood that they will fail, as Figure 1 shown [9]. As a result of the recent economic crisis, a significant number of small firms are dealing with unpredictability in their financial situations, which places them at increased danger of going out of business. In addition, the ever-shifting laws and limits imposed by the government have made it difficult for small firms to function [10]. This is because these businesses have been forced to deal with the additional costs associated with complying with these regulations. This has placed an even greater pressure on their resources, which has put them at an increased risk of failing. Therefore, governments of various countries need to pay attention to the supervision and legal regulations of small companies during the epidemic period.

The epidemic also has a substantial influence on the mental health of those who are responsible for the ownership of small businesses [11]. The mental anguish of navigating the myriad of government laws and constraints, in addition to the fear of going bankrupt, is something that many people who own small businesses have to contend with. This has taken a toll on their mental health, and as a result, many owners of small businesses are dealing with concerns such as anxiety, depression, and other mental health conditions [12]. If not taken seriously, the consequences of these psychological problems will be very serious. In addition, the epidemic has compelled owners of small businesses to adapt to the new digital environment, which has proven to be a significant obstacle for the majority of them. Some of them are accustomed to the traditional way of doing business, and it is very difficult to change and adapt to the new digital environment all at once. Also, it requires a large investment of capital.

Furthermore, the epidemic has had a substantial effect on economies all across the world [12]. The epidemic has caused a domino effect, which has led to the loss of jobs, a reduction in financial losses, and a slowdown in economic activity around the world. A substantial amount of the global economy is made up of small enterprises. As a result, the world economy as a whole, as well as a number of other sectors and countries, has been severely impacted. According to IMF global debt data, affected by the epidemic and the global economic recession, the scale of global debt in 2020 will reach a record high of 226 trillion US dollars. The global debt will increase by the greatest amount since World War II in 2020. Global debt to gross domestic product (GDP) has increased 28 percentage points to 256%, with public debt accounting for 99% of GDP. Small and medium-sized enterprises primarily incurred these debts. What is more, the accelerated spread of the global epidemic caused panic among investors, which led to a decline in major global stock indexes. Although the impact of the epidemic on the stock market is short-lived, if the epidemic continues to expand, global stock markets will suffer further setbacks. As a result, many businesses will suffer financial losses.

Thus, the epidemic of COVID-19 has had a catastrophic effect on the world’s small enterprises. The struggle to adapt to the new digital world has been a significant obstacle for small firms, which have also had to battle with financial losses, employment losses, mental health issues, and other related problems. In addition, the epidemic has had a domino influence, which has led to the loss of jobs as well as financial and economic losses and a slowdown in economic activity all across the world. It is therefore imperative that the public takes this issue seriously, and that governments around the world provide assistance to small businesses as a means of ensuring that these businesses are able to continue to exist, as well as safeguarding the economy. If this is not handled properly, it can cause very serious problems in the world.

3. Suggestions

Governments around the world have a responsibility to take steps to support small businesses in order to minimize the risks posed by the COVID-19 epidemic. The provision of financial aid to small enterprises by governments in the form of grants, loans, and tax relief should be prioritized. Moreover, the government may also be able to create and improve an appropriate legal and regulatory framework to facilitate the financing of small and medium-size enterprises, simplify the approval process for banks’ loans, and suggest that banks and other financial institutions formulate appropriate repayment
policies in accordance with the current economic situation. This will assist small firms in remaining solvent and in meeting their financial obligations, which may include rent and employee wages. In addition, governments should facilitate access to cash and funding for small enterprises, as this would assist them in remaining competitive in the new digital world.

In addition, in order to assist small businesses in adjusting to the new digital world, governments should facilitate access to a variety of resources and knowledge for these businesses. This will assist small firms in remaining competitive and in taking advantage of the opportunities that the digital economy has to offer. In addition, governments should make it possible for small firms to participate in training and mentoring programmes in order to assist these companies in acquiring the knowledge and capabilities need to compete successfully in the new digital environment.

What is more, governments should make it possible for small businesses to gain access to mental health resources in order to assist such enterprises in dealing with the strain brought on by the pandemic. This will assist owners of small businesses in maintaining their mental health and will enable them to maintain their concentration on the operation of their businesses. In addition, governments should make it possible for small enterprises to gain access to legal assistance in order to better assist them in navigating the ever-shifting regulations and constraints imposed by governments.

At the same time, companies should develop appropriate financing plans in accordance with their own development strategies. This will not only enable investors to gain a comprehensive understanding of the status of the company, but will also assist in improving the internal control system. By optimizing the corporate structure, an effective and modern enterprise management system will be able to regulate the company. Furthermore, it is important to keep an eye on the company's own credit accumulation, which can build trust with banks and other financial institutions, ensuring a smooth financing process in the future.

4. Conclusion

In conclusion, the epidemic of COVID-19 has had a catastrophic effect on the world's small companies. The struggle to adapt to the new digital world has been a significant obstacle for small firms, which have also had to battle with financial losses, employment losses, mental health issues, and other related problems. These will be tough challenges for governments and small businesses themselves in the world. It is imperative that governments all around the world take steps to provide assistance to local firms if these difficulties are going to be mitigated. This involves offering monetary support, access to money and funding, resources and knowledge, as well as training and mentorship programmes, and resources pertaining to mental health.

In addition, governments should make it possible for small enterprises to gain access to legal assistance in order to better assist them in navigating the ever-shifting regulations and constraints imposed by governments. This will ensure that small businesses have access to the resources they require to not only survive but also grow in this new environment. Moreover, Enterprises themselves should also pay attention to adapting to changes in the new digital environment, optimize their corporate structure, rationally plan their financing structure, and form their own core competitiveness so that they can operate better under the epidemic environment.

References


