

# Research on Sustainable Development Concept and Urbanization

## -- Takes Tianhuangping Town, Anji, Zhejiang Province as an Example

Qingyuan Zhang

Weiyu High School, Shanghai, China

### Abstract

The urbanization process of Tianhuangping Town is a typical example, which shows how to implement the concept of sustainable development in the process of urbanization. While promoting urbanization, the town pays attention to the protection of the natural environment, the rational use of resources, ensuring social fairness and justice, and improving the quality of life of the people. This approach will not only contribute to the realization of economic development, but also help to protect the environment and improve people's living standards. The urbanization process of Tianhuangping town also faces some challenges. Through in-depth research and analysis of the urbanization process of Tianhuangping Town, Anji County, Zhejiang Province, and discussing the application and practice of the concept of sustainable development in the urbanization process of Tianhuangping Town, the author hopes to provide some useful references for the urbanization development in other similar areas.

### Keywords

Sustainable Development Concept, Urbanization, Tianhuangping Town, Anji Zhejiang, Empirical Research.

## 1. Research Background

The development of urbanization in China started relatively late. It was not until 1992, with the establishment of the market economic system, that the urbanization process finally ushered in a golden period of accelerated development. Up to now, the achievements of China's urbanization have attracted remarkable attention. The urbanization rate has been steadily rising, reaching a remarkable 57.35% by 2016. Behind this number is a new look of countless cities and a significant improvement in the quality of life.

However, with the acceleration of urbanization process, a series of social problems also gradually surfaced, such as urban and rural dual structure of single, urban function, the development mode of mode of extension, the deterioration of ecological environment, the social security system, public service facilities are not sound, and excessive concentration of high consumption industry, etc. These problems not only lead to the high operation cost of the city, but also seriously affect the full play of the due economic functions and social functions of the city. Therefore, we should not blindly pursue the increase of city number and the expansion of city scale, but should pay more attention to the quality and sustainability of urban development. Promoting a new type of people-oriented urbanization and transforming the traditional model is of great significance to improving the quality of urbanization and solving the problem of urbanization. It is an important way for China's economic transformation and upgrading and harmonious social development. In 2014, China released *the National New Urbanization Plan (2014-2020)*, elevating the new urbanization to a national strategic height. In the same year, The State Council spoke highly of the important role of sustainable development industries in

promoting industrial restructuring, promoting employment, narrowing the gap between the rich and the poor, and improving the ecological environment. In order to further promote its development, the outline of the *13th Five-Year Plan* clearly proposes to vigorously develop the sustainable development industry, and support the development of emerging sustainable development business forms. Zhejiang province is one of the earliest provinces in China to put forward the new urbanization strategy. Since 2006, it has been actively exploring and practicing the road of new urbanization, and has made a comprehensive plan for the development goals and paths in *the Twelfth Five-year Plan of New Urbanization Development in Zhejiang Province*. In addition, Zhejiang province also attaches great importance to the development of sustainable development industry. In *the Implementation Opinions on Accelerating the Cultivation of Sustainable Development Industry into a Trillion Industry* issued in 2014, Zhejiang Provincial Government clearly put forward the grand goal of cultivating sustainable development industry into a strategic pillar industry and a trillion industry. As the lowest level of urban sequence and the advanced form of rural development, small towns are not only the bridge and link between the countryside and the city, but also the center of regional politics, economy and culture. Small towns with sustainable development are small towns with sustainable development industry as the leading industry or leading industry, with distinct themes and characteristics. In the tide of urbanization and sustainable development industry development, sustainable development has gradually become one of the important driving forces to promote urbanization development.

The development process of sustainable development urbanization is complex and long, and there are significant differences in the development characteristics, environment and path of different regions and historical stages. In-depth study of specific cases is helpful to understand their internal laws and development trends, and to provide guidance for the sustainable development of urbanization in counties. In the context of the rapid development of global urbanization, how to coordinate economic prosperity, social progress and environmental protection has become an important issue. By implementing the concept of sustainable development, Tianhuangping Town, Anji County, Zhejiang Province, has achieved the balanced development of economy, society and environment, providing a vivid case.

This study focuses on the specific case of Tianhuangping Town, Anji County, Zhejiang Province. Through literature review, field research, data analysis and other methods, the relevant data in the urbanization process of Tianhuangping Town are comprehensively collected. On this basis, the in-depth analysis of how to implement the concept of sustainable development in the process of urbanization, including industrial structure adjustment, ecological environment protection, social and livelihood improvement. The results show that in the process of urbanization, Tianhuangping Town has realized the coordinated development of economy, society and environment through scientific planning, green development and priority of people's livelihood. It aims at deeply analyze how to implement the concept of sustainable development in the process of promoting urbanization, and evaluate its implementation effectiveness.

## **2. Related Concepts and Their Connotations**

### **2.1. Study on the Evolution and Diversification of Urban and Rural Concepts**

In today's society, the process of urbanization leads to the blurred boundary between urban and rural areas, and the concept of rural areas is constantly evolving. Traditional countryside is dominated by agriculture, but with the development of society, the concept is redefined. In developed countries, the integration of urban and rural functions is obvious, while developing countries put forward the concept of *Urban-Rural Integration Area*. Since China's reform and opening up, the rural industrialization in eastern China has spawned a unique model, forming

the phenomenon of *Semi-Urbanization*, blurring the boundary between urban and rural areas, and promoting the reconstruction of the rural concept. The concept of the countryside has evolved into a pluralistic and comprehensive concept, not only an agricultural area, but also a social governance unit. Therefore, it is necessary to study the countryside from a comprehensive perspective, covering geography, society, economy and other aspects. The *countryside* discussed in this paper includes traditional countryside and surrounding areas, and the research content is multifaceted.

## 2.2. Small Towns

Small towns are unique in the urban and rural structure. Fei Xiaotong pointed out that they are higher than those of rural communities, with non-agricultural residents as the core. Small towns are significantly different from rural areas in geography, population, economic and social environment, but still maintain close ties with rural areas. Fei Xiaotong's judgment has deeply influenced research on the study of small towns, and most scholars expand on its basis. There are four main points on the definition of small towns: incorporated towns; including incorporated towns and towns; small towns with a population of less than 200,000; and towns beyond county towns. In terms of spatial layout, small towns are located at the top level of the village system and the bottom level of the urban system. They are the link between urban and rural areas and are of great importance to the coordinated development of regional urban and rural areas.

## 2.3. New Urbanization

In the past urbanization process, China's traditional urbanization mode has made a great contribution to the rapid growth of the national economy. However, this approach also shows the shortcomings of its extensive expansion. Under the promotion of industrialization, many areas inevitably have problems such as the large consumption of resources, the rapid expansion of population size, the imbalance of industrial structure, the disorderly expansion of urban space and the deterioration of urban ecological environment. This development model of simply pursuing scale and speed has led to the emergence of various urban problems, and these problems have a trend of gradually intensifying.

In order to guide the development of urbanization in a healthier direction, the Chinese government has clearly proposed to take a new type of urbanization road. Different from the traditional urbanization, the new urbanization pays more attention to people's livelihood, quality and sustainable development. The new urbanization is committed to promoting economic development by improving the function and quality of cities and towns. Its goal is to achieve overall regional development, industrial transformation and upgrading, ecological intensive and efficient, and open a new urbanization process through institutional reform and institutional innovation.

## 2.4. Sustainable Development

The theory of sustainable development emphasizes that we must strive to create a good ecological environment based on the protection and rational use of natural resources, take as the support, and at the same time, take the sustainable development of people as the core to promote the sustainable development of urban economy and society. In the 1950s, some countries equated developments with economic growth, but there was *growth without developments* and even the phenomenon of *negative* development. In the face of such a situation, the Swedish economist Muerdal clearly pointed out that development should be an organic combination of social reform and economic growth, and pure economic growth can not be equated with development.

In the 1970s, the United Nations clearly put forward the concept of *sustained growth* in the *Declaration on the Human Environment*. Based on this concept, in 1980, the International Union

for Conservation of Nature made the first comprehensive summary of the concept of sustainable development. In 1987, Norwegian Prime Minister Brent Land once again proposed the classic definition of sustainable development, which meets the needs of contemporary human beings without compromising the ability of the next generation to meet their own needs. Subsequently, the concept spread around the world and gradually gained widespread recognition.

In terms of content, the theory of sustainable development covers various fields such as population, environment, economy, culture and society. In 1992, the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development formally established *Agenda 21*, which marked that sustainable development had shifted from theoretical discussion to practical action. For rural communities in China, the influence of this theory is mainly reflected in the harmonious construction of economy, society and environment in rural and town communities. It points out the development direction of villages and towns communities under the background of resource constraints, and lays a solid foundation for the unification and maximization of economic, social and environmental benefits of villages and towns communities.

### 3. Research Status

The research on rural urbanization is relatively in-depth in China, and many scholars have made in-depth research and detailed accounts in related fields. First of all, many scholars in China have defined the concept of the countryside, defined the corresponding population, space and landscape characteristics of the countryside, and defined what the characteristics are in the category of the countryside from many aspects. In his paper *Research on Rural Agglomeration and Space Evolution Mode of Settlement in North Zhejiang*, scholar Lin Tao pointed out that from the spatial distribution of population, rural area refers to a single settlement with a small population size, and the settlements are large open zones. From the perspective of spatial regions, the countryside refers to all areas outside the city, strictly speaking, the area outside the urban built-up area. From the perspective of landscape type, the countryside means a special land use type, that is, the rural landscape. It is a landscape environment complex composed of compact landscape, economic landscape, cultural landscape and natural landscape. By logging on the CNKI, we collected more than a dozen article on rural urbanization, most of which was collected between 2015 and 2020. These documents sort out and define the definition of rural urbanization, and summarize the characteristics of rural urbanization in detail and in detail. For example, the paper *Research on the Planning and Construction Mode of Beautiful Countryside under the Background of New Urbanization* points out that urbanization takes industrialization as the source driving force, relying on traditional natural resources, intensive labor force and long-term dependent land resources, so as to achieve rapid economic growth and rapid occurrence of urbanization. At the same time of putting forward the concept of urbanization, some papers also further refine the phenomenon of urbanization, and point out the concept of subdivision in urbanization. For example, scholar Huo Wenwu defined the concept of urbanization in his paper *Research on the System Development of Villages and Towns in Yanhu District, Shanxi Province* based on the Willingness of Urbanization and classified urbanization, including urbanization willingness, local urbanization, remote urbanization, individual urbanization and family urbanization. Equal segmentation concept. For another example, in the paper *Rural Local Urbanization Transformation in Zhejiang Province: Process, Pattern and Mechanism*, Zhang Mingyu clarified the concept of *local urbanization*, that is, the process of the transformation of employment and citizenization of life in the registered place. In the text of the paper, the authors also structured process of urbanization, using tables, dendrogram, line charts and other types of charts, to support the definition and evolution process of rural urbanization. In the chart, readers can clarify the rural development and

planning methods under the background of urbanization, and clearly see the impact of urbanization on the local areas. For example, in his paper *Research on the Planning and Construction Patterns of Beautiful Countryside under the Background of New Urbanization*, Wang Fang used Figure to classify the rural planning system into *formal rural planning*, *informal planning* and *formal land management planning*<sup>[5]</sup>, and the flow chart detailed the German rural planning standards, intuitive and easy to understand.

At the same time, I found a number of documents I searched on the Internet also mentioned the concept of sustainable development. Some papers make a clear definition of *sustainable development*, and also record the course of the concept of *sustainable development* being defined. In 1987, the United Nations World Commission on Environment and Development released the report *Our Common Future*, which formally put forward the concept of *sustainable development*. Sustainable development is defined as *a development that meets the current needs without posing a threat to the needs of future generations* and aims at *promoting the development of harmonious coexistence between man and nature*. Some papers also put forward the implementation methods and goals of sustainable development, explaining in detail how China's rural areas develop step by step, implement sustainable space governance policies, and finally achieve sustainable development and achieve the development goals. For example, the paper *Research on the Performance Evaluation of Spatial Governance of Rural Commercial Communities from the Perspective of Sustainable Communities* divides the path of sustainable development into several clear types: industrial upgrading, environmental remediation, improvement in quality of life, inheritance of cultural characteristics, and social governance. At the same time, Anji Yu Village, as a model of sustainable development, has been written in many papers. The paper summarizes the development mode of Anji, and contains the specific data in the development process, and explains in detail the policy of realizing the sustainable development of Anji and the changes in the development process. For example, Yu Li's paper *Solving the Coordinated Development of Urban And Rural Areas in China With Emerging Rural Ecological Development Models* summarized Anji's development process. First of all, Anji develops under the guidance of planning. Specifically, it seeks the integrated development of urban and rural areas and extends urban services to rural areas. Next, Anji advocates the development of a convenient transportation system, with public transport as the main guidance for urban and rural coordination, and revising the spatial hierarchical layout. The author also searched a variety of data of Anji in the 2000s, including *social and economic development goals*"and *rural labor force respectively*, and used bar charts and tables summarized in the paper, reflecting the trend of sustainable development of Anji.

## 4. Overview of Tianhuangping Town, Anji County, Zhejiang Province and Its Urbanization Development Path

### 4.1. Overview of Tianhuangping Town

Tianhuangping Town, Anji County, Zhejiang Province, is located in the south of Anji County. With its unique geographical location and rich natural resources, it is gradually exploring a distinctive road of urbanization development. Tianhuangping town is located in the northwest of Hangjiahu Plain in the long Delta, connected with Yuhang District of Hangzhou city, and adjacent to Lin'an City in the south. It is an important gateway of Anji County. This vast town, beautiful mountains and rivers, high forest coverage rate, known as the core area of *China bamboo township*. It is not only beautiful natural scenery, but also contains profound historical and cultural heritage. It is an ideal place for tourists to enjoy their leisure vacation and experience the rural customs.

## 4.2. Urbanization Development Path of Tianhuangping Town

In recent years, Tianhuangping Town has actively responded to the national call of new urbanization construction, and comprehensively promoted the construction of beautiful towns under the guidance of *beautiful +*. The town gives full play to its own advantages, and accelerates into the era of *Two Mountains 2.0* from the aspects of regional coordination, the transformation of "new economy" and the diversified co-construction.

In terms of regional coordination, Tianhuangping Town actively carries out cooperation with the surrounding areas to realize the joint prosperity of the area. With the construction of Yu Big Village as the carrier, we will give full play to the joint development advantages of *Yucun Big Scenic Spot* and *Youth Big Community*, accelerate the construction of the traffic ring line such as the ropeway project and tianlu project, and jointly promote the major issues of *Tianshan Mountain*. This not only improves the overall development level of the town, but also brings more employment opportunities and income increase channels for local residents.

In terms of new economic transformation, Tianhuangping Town adheres to the concept of green development and carries out zero-carbon rural construction with high standards. By promoting the development of new economy, new cultural tourism and new agriculture, the industrial transformation will drive the younger urban population and realize the urban self-hematopoietic function. The landing of headquarters economic projects such as Yuntai Technology, as well as the introduction of diversified formats such as the bicycle club and MIDI Music Festival, has injected new vitality into Tianhuangping Town and provided a more diversified lifestyle for local residents.

In terms of diversified joint construction, Tianhuangping Town pays attention to the diversified participation of the market and the government, and innovates and explores the cooperation mode of *government + state-owned enterprises + village collective*. By guiding the participation of social capital, together with village collective, the township government and other multiple subjects to jointly promote the construction of various rural projects. This mode of cooperation not only effectively revitalized rural assets, but also promotes the sustainable development of rural economy.

Tianhuangping Town continues to deepen the construction of beautiful towns, and continuously improves the overall development level of the town. The town will speed up the connection with the provincial, city, county and other relevant departments, and speed up the future community construction of Yucun in Yucun according to the concept of *human, ecological and digital*. At the same time, the town also accelerated the completion of Yucun Avenue, Yunxi Bridge and other infrastructure projects, as well as the construction of sustainable development supporting projects such as Yucun Tourist Distribution Center and Yucun Impression. The implementation of these projects will further enhance the popularity and reputation of Tianhuangping Town, and attract more tourists to come here for sightseeing and sustainable development. In addition, Tianhuangping Town has also continued to optimize the supply of public services to improve the overall environment of the town and village. The opening of the new hospital area and the completion of the new police station will further improve the level of local medical services and grassroots governance. At the same time, the town will continue to increase investment, consolidate the overall infrastructure, accelerate the construction of livelihood projects, adjust the industrial structure, and promote the industrial development of beautiful towns.

With its unique charm and unremitting efforts, Tianhuangping Town is gradually stepping out of an urbanization development path in line with its own reality. At present, we can see in the local field investigation that the concentration area with three cement plants and a limestone mining area, as well as more than 400 bamboo wire drawing plants, has gradually transformed into a sustainable development core area with the theme of the *Two Mountains theory*. For

serious pollution factories and small bamboo products rough processing manufacturers to take the way of shut down and migration, in the downstream of Tianhuangping town, built a more modern ecological industrial park, concentrated more finishing and high degree of modernization, environment friendly enterprises, gradually to ecological environmental protection, the sustainable development of the new road of urbanization.

Specifically, in the process of urbanization, Tianhuangping Town pays attention to regional coordination and resource integration, and realizes the regional linkage and common prosperity of the area through the synergistic effect of *Beauty +*. With the construction of *Yu Big Village* as the carrier, the town gives full play to the joint development advantages of *Yucun Big Scenic Spot* and *Youth Big Community*, focuses on deepening the joint promotion conference mechanism of Dayu Village, jointly promotes the major issues of *Tianshan Mountain*, and creates a provincial model of modern and beautiful town with regional influence.

In terms of economic development, Tianhuangping Town adheres to the high-quality development route and promotes the deep butterfly change of the industry. Based on the concept of *Two Mountains + Two Carbon*, the town has carried out the construction of zero-carbon countryside with high standards, and promoted the development of new economy, new cultural tourism and new agriculture with high quality. By promoting the implementation of headquarters economic projects such as Yuntai Technology, and the introduction of diversified business forms, such as the bicycle club, Midi Music Festival, etc., a good situation of diversified developing and overall promotion has been formed.

In terms of environmental protection, Tianhuangping Town has taken a series of effective measures to strengthen environmental management and monitoring. The town has established a sound environmental management system and the monitoring system, strengthen the supervision of pollution emissions and resource consumption, to ensure that urban development meets the requirements of sustainable development. At the same time, the town also pays attention to enhance the public's environmental awareness and participation, through strengthening environmental education and publicity, improve citizens' sense of responsibility and environmental action.

In terms of social progress, Tianhuangping Town pays attention to improving residents' quality of life and social welfare. The town has improved the living conditions of residents by optimizing infrastructure construction and public services. At the same time, the town also pays attention to strengthening social governance and public security, to maintain social harmony and stability.

To sum up, in the process of promoting urbanization, Tianhuangping Town has successfully realized the coordination between economic prosperity, social progress and environmental protection through a series of measures such as scientific planning, optimization of industrial layout and strengthening environmental governance. The practical experience of the town provides a useful reference and inspiration for other areas.

On the road of urbanization in Tianhuangping town, the government, enterprises and the people work closely together to build a systematic and rigorous sustainable development model. At the government level, a series of policies and measures aimed at promoting green economy, strengthening environmental protection and promoting the integrated development of urban and rural areas, providing solid policy support and institutional guarantee for the urbanization process. These measures have not only promoted the optimization and upgrading of the local economic structure, but also laid a solid foundation for social harmony and stability.

In terms of enterprises, the enterprise group of Tianhuangping Town actively respond to the call of the government, actively adapt to the market changes, and stride forward to the transformation path of green, low-carbon and environmental protection. They pay attention to technological innovation and product research and development, constantly enhance product

competitiveness and added value, and inject new growth points into the local economy. At the same time, these enterprises also actively fulfill their social responsibilities, participate in public welfare undertakings, and contribute to the construction of a harmonious society.

As an important participant in the process of urbanization, the residents of Tianhuangping Town show a high sense of environmental awareness and social responsibility. They actively participate in community governance, pay attention to the changes in the ecological environment, and lay a broad mass foundation for the promotion of the concept of sustainable development. In addition, residents continue to improve their own quality, learn new knowledge and skills, injecting inexhaustible impetus into personal development and social progress.

## 5. The Impact Of the Sustainable Development Path On Urbanization

In the process of in-depth study of the sustainable development and urbanization of Anji and Tianhuangping Town, the author found that although Anji enjoys the reputation of *Bamboo Town in China*, it has not been completely transformed into the form of *Bamboo City*. In fact, Anji's beautiful countryside is significantly higher than its recognition as an elegant bamboo city. Therefore, while continuing to maintain and improve the image of Anji's beautiful countryside, we need to integrate the urban construction with the characteristics of the beautiful countryside. As the orientation of Anji city development, *elegant bamboo city* should deeply integrate bamboo elements and bamboo culture into the hard and soft environment of the city, deeply explore the cultural connotation and resource endowment of the city, so as to improve the service quality of the city and establish unique urban characteristics. We aim to raise the standard of beautiful countryside to the standard of Bamboo City in Anji, so as to create a new situation of sustainable development in the whole region. Among them, with the village as the core of the Tianhuangping town is one of the typical cases.

### 5.1. Regulation And Optimization Of Sustainable Development Of Urbanization

The government is not only the manager and participant in urban construction, but also the main force of infrastructure investment. In view of the sustainable development concept, especially the positioning of tourism industry as a pillar industry or an important development direction in many provinces, cities and districts in China, the government should further strengthen its leading role and remove institutional obstacles for the integration of sustainable development and urban development. However, sustainable development is often faced with problems such as shortage of funds, lack of talents, lack of competitiveness, imperfect facilities and irregular services. In order to solve these problems, the government needs to innovate the management system, strengthen the management function of sustainable development in urban and rural areas, pay attention to macro-control and market supervision, and promote the standardization of sustainable development services. At the same time, diversified investment and financing mechanisms should be constructed to activate the market vitality, attract the investment of private capital and social capital, ensure the leading role of the government in the allocation of resources, and make enterprises become the main body of the sustainable development market.

### 5.2. Coordination and unity of sustainable development planning and urban planning

In the process of urbanization development of Tianhuangping Town, the urban planning of Anji County has a decisive influence on its urban development direction, functional zoning, spatial structure and land use. Under the background of tourism as a pillar industry, sustainable development function plays an important role in urban function. Therefore, when making urban planning, the role of sustainable development elements should be fully considered, and



even the mode of integrating multiple plans can be explored. The coordination and unity of sustainable development planning and urban planning is in essence the harmonious coexistence between sustainable development and urban development. Sustainable development planning should strictly follow the requirements of land use and facilities standards for sustainable development in urban planning, and take into account the needs of sustainable developers for cities and towns, so as to ensure the full play of the function of sustainable development. In formulating urban planning, we should make reasonable use of local sustainable development resources and characteristics to ensure the healthy and sustainable development of sustainable development industry, and seek the benign interaction between towns and sustainable development.

## 6. Conclusion

In the journey of urbanization construction, Tianhuangping Town, with its excellent practice and exploration, has set up a glorious example for many similar areas, and provided extremely valuable and profound experience and enlightenment. This in-depth and comprehensive study not only identifies the remarkable achievements of Tianhuangping Town in the process of urbanization, but also further emphasizes the core position of the concept of sustainable development in the urbanization construction. Under the guidance of this concept, Tianhuangping Town not only attaches great importance to the fine protection of the ecological environment, but adds infinite vitality to the town with the natural landscape of clear water, blue sky and shady trees, but also commits itself to the intensive utilization of resources, and achieves a win-win economic and ecological benefits through scientific planning and management.

At the same time, Tianhuangping Town actively promotes the transformation and upgrading of industrial structure, vigorously develops green, low-carbon and environmental protection emerging industries, effectively promoting the all-round development of the economy and society. In this process, the government has shown strong leadership and decision-making power, and has provided a solid institutional guarantee for the urbanization construction by formulating scientific and reasonable development plans and policies and measures. At the same time, the government has also strengthened policy guidance and supervision to ensure that all measures can be effectively implemented and implemented, thus ensuring the steady progress of the urbanization process.

The urbanization practice of Tianhuangping Town not only provides valuable experience for similar areas, but also points out the development direction of urbanization construction in the future. In the future of urbanization, we should continue to adhere to the concept of sustainable development, pay attention to the protection of ecological environment and the economical utilization of resources, and promote the optimization and upgrading of industrial structure and the all-round development of the economy and society. The government should continue to play a leading role, strengthen policy guidance and supervision, and ensure that all measures in the process of urbanization can be effectively implemented and implemented, so as to contribute wisdom and strength to the construction of a more beautiful, livable and prosperous town.

## References

- [1] Zhao Zhimin: Exploration of China's New Urbanization Road.[Master's thesis]. Jinan:Shandong University of Finance and Economics, 2014.
- [2] Xu Wanxia: Seize the Opportunity of New Urbanization, Explore the Path of Sustainable Development Urbanization - Summary of Guest Perspectives at the Sustainable Development Urbanization Summit Forum, China Sustainable Development News, 2013 (17).

- [3] Shan Zhuoran, Huang Yaping: Analysis of the Conceptual Connotations, Objectives, Planning Strategies, and Misconceptions of New Urbanization. *Journal of Urban Planning*, 2013 (2): 16-22.
- [4] Lin Tao: Rural agglomeration and its spatial evolution mode in North Zhejiang. [Doctoral Dissertation]. Zhejiang University. 2012.
- [5] Wang Fang: Research On the Planning And Construction Mode of the Beautiful Countryside Under the Background of The New Urbanization. [Master's thesis]. Tianjin University. 2014:3-9.
- [6] Huo Wenwu: Research on the Development of village and Town System in Yanhu District, Shanxi Province based on the will of urbanization. [Master's thesis]. Beijing University of Technology. 2017:4-6.
- [7] Zhang Mingyu: Rural Urbanization Transformation in Zhejiang Province: Process, Pattern, Mechanism. [Doctoral Dissertation]. Zhejiang University. 2018:5.
- [8] Song Wei: Explores the Linkage Mode of Future Communities Based On Sustainable Development—Takes Yangliu County, Hangzhou Shangcheng District, Quzhou Doutan Future Community, Yucun Future Village, Anji County, Huzhou City as examples of Greentown Future Community Operation Management (Zhejiang) Co., LTD. No Date:32.
- [9] Zhu Kening: From the Perspective of Sustainable Development—Take Anji County, Zhejiang Province As an Example. [Master's thesis]. Zhejiang University of Technology. 2020: 72-77.
- [10] Xia Ting: Research on urbanization Development Path of Sustainable Development in Anji County, [Master's thesis], Zhejiang Agricultural University, May, 2017.