

Research on the Application of Multimodal Haptic Technology in the Interaction Design of Virtual Characters

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Abstract

This article delves deeply into the aspects related to multimodal haptic technology in the interaction design of virtual characters in virtual reality technology. Firstly, it introduces the development trend of virtual reality technology and the importance of haptic technology. Then, it outlines the definition, principle and types of multimodal haptic technology. Subsequently, it analyzes in detail the application status in the interaction design of virtual characters, including existing application cases, application scopes, and the influence on virtual characters and interaction functions. It also elaborates the methods of quantifying and evaluating the effects, including the establishment of quantitative indicators, evaluation methods, and experimental design and data analysis. It explores the effective scenarios in application practice, the influencing factors of user satisfaction and strategies for improvement. Finally, it points out the challenges faced and proposes solutions including technological innovation, algorithm optimization, cost control, and design optimization strategies.

Keywords

Virtual Reality; Haptic Perception; Virtual Characters; Interaction Design.

1. Introduction

1.1. The Development Trend of Virtual Reality Technology

With the rapid development of science and technology, virtual reality technology has gradually moved from concept to practical application, bringing users an unprecedented immersive experience. This experience seems to place users in a brand-new virtual world, allowing them to freely explore, interact and perceive [1]. However, to achieve a highly realistic and deeply immersive user experience, relying solely on visual and auditory feedback technologies is far from sufficient. Although vision and hearing can provide rich information, they cannot fully simulate the all-round perception of humans in the real world. In the real world, we feel the texture, temperature and shape of objects by touching them, and perceive changes in the surrounding environment through physical contact. Therefore, in order to make virtual reality more realistic, the introduction of haptic feedback technology has become an inevitable development trend [2].

1.2. The Importance of Haptic Technology

Haptic perception, as one of the important ways for humans to perceive the world, has a non-negligible role in enhancing the immersion and realism when introducing haptic feedback in virtual reality [3]. When we interact with objects or characters in a virtual environment, if we can feel real haptic feedback, such as the resistance when touching an object, the sense of weight when holding a tool, or the touch when contacting a character, then our cognition and understanding of the virtual environment will be deeper and more accurate [4]. The emergence of multimodal haptic technology has brought new opportunities and challenges to the

interaction design of virtual characters [5]. It is no longer limited to a single haptic sensation but creates a more rich, delicate and realistic haptic experience for users by integrating multiple different types of haptic feedback, such as vibration, pressure, temperature, etc., thereby greatly improving the quality and effect of the interaction of virtual characters [6].

2. Overview of Multimodal Haptic Technology

2.1. The Definition of Multimodal Haptic Technology

Multimodal haptic technology is to create a richer and more realistic haptic experience by integrating multiple types of haptic feedback functions such as vibration, pressure, and temperature. This technology is not just a combination of different haptic signals, but through scientific design and precise coordination, enables each haptic element to cooperate effectively to form an immersive perception effect.

2.2. Technical Principles

Multimodal haptic technology relies on sensors, actuators, and complex algorithms to be able to perceive the user's operations and environmental variables, and generate corresponding haptic feedback in real time. Sensors are responsible for capturing the user's action information, transmitting data such as positioning information, force intensity, and movement speed to the computing system for precise algorithmic analysis and processing, and then driving the actuator to generate the corresponding haptic signal. Actuators can include vibration motors, pressure sensors, thermoelectric elements, etc., which can generate various haptic stimuli according to instructions. Throughout this entire process, the accuracy and real-time response of the algorithm are of crucial importance to ensure that the user's operations in the virtual environment can receive timely and precise feedback.

2.3. Main Types

Multimodal haptic technology covers various forms, such as mechanical vibration haptic feedback, electrical stimulation haptic feedback, pneumatic haptic feedback, etc. Mechanical vibration haptic feedback relies on small vibration motors to simulate simple touches and collisions; Electrical stimulation haptic feedback generates sensations such as stinging and numbness by applying tiny currents to stimulate the nerve endings of the skin; Pneumatic haptic feedback simulates the shape and texture of objects through changes in air pressure, providing a more delicate and realistic haptic experience. In addition, haptic feedback technologies based on principles such as magnetic fields and ultrasound also play important roles in specific application scenarios.

3. The Application Status of Multimodal Haptic Technology in the Interaction Design of Virtual Characters

3.1. Analysis of Existing Application Cases

By analyzing the current virtual character interaction design projects that apply multimodal haptic technology, we can summarize their successful experiences and existing deficiencies. For example, in a certain virtual reality game, players can feel the temperature and grip strength of the virtual character when shaking hands with them, which effectively enhances the immersion and authenticity. However, this technology may have problems such as feedback delay or inaccuracy in some situations, affecting the user experience; In another virtual scene interaction for medical training, trainees can feel the texture and elasticity of different tissues by touching the virtual human body model, which helps to improve practical skills. However, due to equipment limitations, the delicacy of the haptic feedback of the interactive characters still needs to be further optimized.

3.2. Application Categories

The application of multimodal haptic technology has covered multiple fields such as games, education, healthcare, and entertainment, and the demand for and implementation methods of haptic feedback in each field show significant differences. In the field of games, the main goal of this technology is to convey and enhance the player's immersion and the authenticity of interaction through rich haptic feedback signals, allowing players to interact more deeply in the virtual world. In the field of education, multimodal haptic technology helps students gain a more intuitive understanding in the virtual environment. Especially when learning abstract concepts, complex knowledge points can be presented in the form of haptic feedback, making the learning experience more concrete and easy to grasp. In the field of healthcare, the introduction of haptic technology provides a more realistic sense of operation for the training of doctors and surgical simulations, effectively improving the accuracy of skill acquisition. In the field of entertainment, it enables tourists to feel a more impactful interactive effect in the virtual reality experience, enhancing the overall immersive experience.

3.3. Virtual Characters and Interaction Functions

In the interaction design of virtual characters, multimodal haptic technology not only significantly improves the perceived authenticity of virtual characters for users but also plays a key role in the naturalness and fluency of interaction. Through precise and rich haptic feedback, users can experience the emotional changes and body language of virtual characters more directly. For example, during the interaction process, when the virtual character is in a tense state, users may feel subtle vibration feedback, and during friendly interactions, a gentle and soft touch conveys the friendly intent of the character. This deep-level haptic feedback effectively blurs the boundary between virtual and reality, making it easier for users to establish an emotional connection with virtual characters. At the same time, the application of multimodal haptic technology can better optimize the naturalness of character interaction and reduce operational errors and misunderstandings caused by insufficient visual or auditory feedback.

4. Quantification and Evaluation of the Effects of Multimodal Haptic Technology

4.1. Establishment of Quantification Indicators

Starting from multiple dimensions such as user immersion, emotional response, and satisfaction, establish a set of scientific and reasonable quantitative evaluation systems. Immersion can be measured by the duration of the user's stay in the virtual environment, the concentration of attention, and the degree of neglect of the external environment. Emotional response can be evaluated by monitoring physiological indicators (such as heart rate, skin conductance, and breathing frequency, etc.) to assess the user's emotional changes during the virtual experience. Satisfaction can be obtained through questionnaires and user evaluations to understand the user's feelings about the quality, accuracy, and comfort of the haptic feedback. In addition, indicators related to task performance, such as the time to complete the task, accuracy rate, and operation fluency, can also be set to evaluate the auxiliary role of multimodal haptic technology in the user's task execution.

4.2. Evaluation Methods

Adopt a combination of subjective evaluation (such as questionnaires and user interviews) and objective measurement (such as physiological indicator monitoring and behavioral data analysis) to comprehensively evaluate the effect of multimodal haptic technology. Questionnaires can directly obtain users' feelings and evaluations of haptic feedback; User

interviews can deeply understand user experience and personalized needs, providing more detailed feedback; Physiological indicator monitoring can objectively reflect the user's emotions and physiological state during the virtual experience; Behavioral data analysis assesses the impact of haptic feedback on user behavior through the user's operation behavior in the virtual environment (such as operation speed, accuracy rate, and error rate, etc.).

4.3. Experimental Design and Data Analysis

By designing controlled experiments to collect a large amount of data and conducting in-depth analysis using statistical methods, reliable and valid conclusions can be drawn. Different experimental groups and control groups can be set up in the experimental design. For example, one group uses multimodal haptic feedback, and the other group uses single or no haptic feedback, and then compare the differences in user immersion, emotional response, and satisfaction. During the data collection process, the accuracy and completeness of the data should be ensured, and the data should be preprocessed and cleaned to eliminate outliers and erroneous data. Statistical methods (such as analysis of variance, t-tests, and correlation analysis, etc.) are used to analyze the data to determine the significance of the effect of multimodal haptic technology and identify influencing factors. In addition, by establishing regression models and other methods, the effect of haptic feedback under different parameter settings can be predicted, providing a basis for technology optimization.

5. Application Practice and User Satisfaction of Multimodal Haptic Technology in the Interaction Design of Virtual Characters

5.1. The Most Effective Application Scenarios and Technical Combinations

Through the research and analysis of a large number of practical cases, the most effective application methods and technical combinations of multimodal haptic technology in different situations are summarized. For example, in adventure games, combining vibration and pressure feedback can greatly increase the tension and immersion of players in battle and exploration scenarios; In educational simulations, temperature and texture feedback can help students perceive and understand the physical characteristics of objects more accurately. In addition, the choice of different haptic technology combinations needs to consider the compatibility of equipment and the operating habits of users to ensure the best user experience. This means that in the process of technology design and application, not only the diversity of haptic feedback should be emphasized, but also the response speed of the system and the intuitiveness of interaction should be taken into account to achieve a more ideal effect.

5.2. Influencing Factors of User Satisfaction

Discuss the degree of influence of factors such as the accuracy, timeliness, and diversity of haptic feedback on user satisfaction. Accuracy refers to the consistency of haptic feedback with the user's expectations. If the feedback does not match the actual operation, it will cause confusion and dissatisfaction among users. Timeliness is related to the time interval between the user's operation and the haptic response. Excessive delay will destroy the immersion. Diversity is reflected in the types and changes of haptic feedback. Rich and diverse feedback can provide a richer experience and meet the different needs of users.

5.3. Strategies to Improve User Satisfaction

In order to better meet the needs of users and improve the usage experience, a variety of strategies can be adopted to optimize user satisfaction, such as providing personalized haptic feedback options, adaptive feedback mechanisms, and improving the comfort and portability of equipment. Personalized settings allow users to flexibly adjust the intensity, type, and frequency of haptic feedback according to personal preferences to adapt to different usage

scenarios and needs, thereby enhancing the personalization and autonomy of the experience. The adaptive haptic response mechanism can automatically optimize the feedback according to the user's operating habits and real-time environmental changes to ensure that the haptic experience is always consistent with the user's needs. At the same time, improving the equipment design, enhancing the comfort of wearing and the convenience of operation are also key factors to enhance user satisfaction. Through lightweight design, ergonomic shape, and a simpler and easier-to-use operation interface, users can maintain good comfort and convenience for a long time and further enhance the overall interaction experience.

6. Challenges and Design Optimization of Multimodal Haptic Technology in the Interaction Design of Virtual Characters

6.1. Main Challenges and Limiting Factors

Multimodal haptic technology faces many challenges in its application, such as high technical costs, large equipment size, and the precision and stability of haptic feedback that still need to be improved. The high technical cost limits the popularity of this technology in large-scale applications, especially for projects with limited budgets and ordinary users. The bulky design of the equipment not only seriously affects the user's wearing comfort but also significantly limits the user's movement and operation freedom in the virtual environment, which becomes a major obstacle in the immersive experience. In addition, the accuracy and stability issues of haptic feedback need to be solved urgently. Inaccurate or inconsistent feedback signals can easily weaken the user's immersion and even disrupt the fluency and effect of the interaction.

6.2. Solutions

Technological innovation, algorithm optimization, and cost control are the core directions for solutions. First, in terms of technological innovation, we can focus on the research and development of lighter and higher-performance sensors and actuators to improve the accuracy and response speed of haptic feedback, and reduce the volume and weight of the equipment, thereby enhancing the user experience. Through algorithm optimization, user input can be parsed more efficiently, and more accurate and real-time haptic feedback can be generated to reduce delay and error, thereby improving the naturalness and stability of the interaction. Finally, in terms of cost control, promoting large-scale production and introducing more cost-effective materials and manufacturing processes can effectively reduce the manufacturing cost of the equipment, making multimodal haptic technology more competitive in the market and promoting its popularity in wider applications.

6.3. Design Optimization Strategies

Based on user feedback and interaction data, propose targeted design optimization strategies, such as improving the wearing comfort of haptic equipment and optimizing the mode and intensity of haptic feedback. By collecting and analyzing user feedback, understand the discomfort and pain points of users during the use process, and then improve the appearance design, material selection, and wearing method of the equipment to improve the overall comfort. At the same time, combined with the analysis of interaction data, adjust the mode and intensity of haptic feedback to make it more in line with the user's operating habits and needs, thereby improving the naturalness and effect of the interaction.

7. Conclusion and Prospects

7.1. Summary of Research Results

Summarize the main findings and achievements of this study, emphasizing the importance and application value of multimodal haptic technology in the interaction design of virtual characters.

The research shows that multimodal haptic technology can significantly enhance the immersion, realism, and user satisfaction of virtual character interaction. Through the discussion of technical principles, application status, effect evaluation, and challenge solutions, it provides valuable theoretical and practical references for the development of this field.

7.2. Suggestions for Future Research

Point out the limitations of the current study and provide suggestions for future research directions, such as further exploring new haptic feedback modes and expanding the application of multimodal haptic technology in more fields. The current study may have problems such as insufficient sample size and limited experimental environment in some aspects. Future research can expand the research scope and sample size to obtain more universal conclusions. At the same time, more complex and fine haptic feedback modes can be further studied, such as simulating the friction of different materials, the elasticity and deformation of objects, etc. In addition, expand the application of multimodal haptic technology in more fields such as industrial design, military training, and artistic creation, and explore its potential and effect in different scenarios.

7.3. Outlook for Industry Development

The future development prospects of multimodal haptic technology in the field of virtual reality are very broad. With the continuous iteration and innovation of technology, this field will provide users with a more immersive, rich, and multi-sensory virtual interaction experience. Looking forward to the future, as costs gradually decrease and technology gradually becomes popular, multimodal haptic technology is expected to become a standard configuration of virtual reality equipment, giving users a more realistic and dynamic virtual scene. At the same time, the advancement of haptic technology will drive the collaborative development of related industrial chains, such as the innovative design of haptic equipment, virtual content creation and interaction design, etc., jointly promoting the further maturity and upgrading of the virtual reality industry.

It is believed that in the near future, the application of multimodal haptic technology in the interaction design of virtual characters will show undeniable potential and value. Through in-depth research and continuous optimization, this technology will inject new momentum into the future development of virtual reality and help build a more immersive and expressive virtual world.

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